On The Explosion of Large Death Stars

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Colors

For this template we defined four colors, following the Style Manual of the University of Udine:

- UniOrange
- UniBlue
- UniBrown
- UniGold

You can use these colors as you want in your presentation. For example, you can color the text in gold by writing \{UniGold\{my gold text}.

We also redefined many of the most common LaTeX and Beamer commands, like itemize, block, etc. You will see samples of these commands in the following slides.



This is a page with a title and a subtitle And also some blocks.

Goal of the mission

Shoot in the Death Star's exhaust port and destroy it before the it can fire on the Rebel base.

Take care!

TIE Fighters may chase you while approaching the target.

Use the force you must

Remember your training with Obi-Wan, and use the Force to make the perfect shoot.



Enumerates and itemizes

This is an example of itemize.

A long time ago in a galaxy far, far away...

And this is an example of enumerate.

- Go to the Death Star.
- Pind the exhaust port.
- Make the perfect shot.
- Become an hero.



Description

This is an example of description.

Luke No. No! That's not true! That's impossible!



Description

This is an example of description.

Vader *I am* your father.

Luke No. No! That's not true! That's impossible!



Description

This is an example of description.

Vader *I* am your father.

Luke No. No! That's not true! That's impossible!

And while we're here, let's have a look to verbatim as well, to see how we made items appear in arbitrary order:

```
\begin{description}
  \item<2->[This is the first item] one
  \item<1->[This is the second item] two
\end{description}
```



A formula will look like this:

$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

You can number equations as well:

$$1+1=2 \tag{1}$$

$$1 + 1 = 2 (custom label!)$$

If you want to use the default LaTeX math fonts, just go to beamerfontthemeuniud.sty and uncomment the line containing '\usefonttheme[onlymath]{serif}'.



Theorems

The usual theorem, corollary, definition, definitions, fact, example and examples blocks are available as well.

Theorem

There exists an infinite set.

Proof.

This follows from the axiom of infinity.

Example (Natural Numbers)

The set of natural numbers is infinite.



Other blocks

Here we display examples of abstract, verse, quotation, and quote.

Abstract	
This is an abstract.	
This is a verse.	
This is a quotation.	-Han Solo
A quote this is.	-Yoda



Bibliography

You can cite an article

- normally using \cite, e.g.: (Erso OBBY)
- or display the full citation using \fullcite, e.g.: Galen Erso (0 BBY). "Construction plans of the Death Star 1 Orbital Battle Station". In: Journal of Horrible Plot Flaws 2, pp. 1977–2015

Look at the code of the following slide to see how to automatically split the bibliography on many slides. You can also use \nocite{*} to display the non-cited publications as well.



Bibliography I

- Ackbar, Gial (12 ABY). "It's a trap! How to avoid common LaTeX mistakes". In: Proceedings of the 42nd Intergalactic Conference on Overused Internet Memes.
- Erso, Galen (0 BBY). "Construction plans of the Death Star 1 Orbital Battle Station". In: *Journal of Horrible Plot Flaws* 2, pp. 1977–2015.
- Smith, John (2017a). "A repeated article just to show you a multiple slide bibliography". In: Proceedings of the First conference on Placeholder Documents.
- (2017b). "A repeated article just to show you a multiple slide bibliography". In: Proceedings of the First conference on Placeholder Documents.
- (2017c). "A repeated article just to show you a multiple slide bibliography". In: Proceedings of the First conference on Placeholder Documents.



Bibliography II

Smith, John (2017d). "A repeated article just to show you a multiple slide bibliography". In: Proceedings of the First conference on Placeholder Documents.



Framecard

You can display a frame with a colored background and a huge text in the center using the command \framecard.

For example, you can write:

\framecard{A SECTION\\TITLE}

This will display a frame with a orange background and the phrase "A SECTION TITTLE" in the center. You can also use a custom color with \framecard:

\framecard{A SECTION\\TITLE}
\framecard[UniBlue]{A SECTION TITLE\\
WITH A CUSTOM COLOR}

You can see the results of the commands above in the following slides.

A SECTION TITLE

A SECTION TITLE WITH A CUSTOM COLOR



Framepic

You can display a frame with a background image using the command \framepic. The image will be adapted vertically to fit the the frame.

For example, you can write:

```
\framepic{graphics/darth}{
\framefill
   \textcolor{white}{Luke,\\I am your supervisor}
   \vskip 0.5cm
}
```

Alternatively, to make the background 50% transparent, you can write \framepic[0.5]{graphics/darth}...

You can see the results of the commands above in the following slides.







Other bonus commands I

We provide two other bonus commands:

```
pdfnewline you can use \pdfnewline to avoid the annoying
            hyperref related warnings when using newlines in
            the document's title, author, etc. For example, in this
            presentation the author is defined as:
            \author[Luke Skywalker]{
             Luke Skywalker, Ph.D.
              \pdfnewline
              \texttt{luke.skywalker@uniud.it}
            }
    marker you can use \marker to highlight some text. The
            default color is orange, but you can also use a
            custom color. For example:
            \marker{Default color}
            \marker[UniBlue]{Custom Color}
```



Other bonus commands II

framefill you can use \framefill to put the text at the bottom of a slide by filling all the vertical space.